

Warm-Up

1. M is the midpoint of AB. AM = 3x + 12. MB = 6x - 3. Find the length of AB.

2. If Steven spends \$600 for the new Iphone and Drew spends \$900, what is the average amount they spent on their new phones.





Develop and apply the formula for midpoint.

Holt Geometry





Example 1: Finding the Coordinates of a Midpoint

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of \overline{PQ} with endpoints P(-8, 3) and Q(-2, 7).

$$M\left(\frac{x_{1}+x_{2}}{2},\frac{y_{1}+y_{2}}{2}\right)$$

$$\left(\frac{-8+(-2)}{2},\frac{3+7}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{-10}{2},\frac{10}{2}\right)$$

$$= (-5, 5)$$

$$(-2, 7) = 6$$

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Check It Out! Example 1

Find the coordinates of the midpoint of \overline{EF} with endpoints E(-2, 3) and F(5, -3).



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F (5, -3)

Example 2: Finding the Coordinates of an Endpoint

M is the midpoint of \overline{XY} . *X* has coordinates (2, 7) and *M* has coordinates (6, 1). Find the coordinates of *Y*.

Step 1 Let the coordinates of Y equal (x, y).

Step 2 Use the Midpoint Formula: $(6,1) = \left(\frac{2+x}{2}, \frac{7+y}{2}\right)$.



Example 2 Continued

Step 3 Find the *x*-coordinate.



The coordinates of Y are (10, -5).

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Check It Out! Example 2

S is the midpoint of \overline{RT} . R has coordinates (-6, -1), and S has coordinates (-1, 1). Find the coordinates of T.

Step 1 Let the coordinates of T equal (x, y).

Step 2 Use the Midpoint Formula:

$$(-1, 1) = \left(\frac{-6 + x}{2}, \frac{-1 + y}{2}\right).$$

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Check It Out! Example 2 Continued

Step 3 Find the *x*-coordinate.



The coordinates of *T* are (4, 3).