Come in and get in groups of 4 or 5!

Holt Geometry

Objective

Apply formulas for perimeter, area, and circumference.

Holt Geometry

The **perimeter** *P* of a plane figure is the sum of the side lengths of the figure.

The **<u>area</u>** A of a plane figure is the number of non-overlapping square units that cover a figure.



Holt Geometry

The **base b** can be any side of a triangle.

The **height** *h* is a segment from a vertex that forms a right angle with a line containing the base. The height may be a side of the triangle, inside, or outside of the triangle.



Holt Geometry

Remember!

Perimeter is expressed in linear units, such as inches (in.) or meters (m). Area is expressed in square units, such as square centimeters (cm²).

Example 1A: Finding Perimeter and Area

Find the perimeter and area of each figure.



Holt Geometry



Check It Out! Example 1

Find the perimeter and area of a square with s = 3.5 in.

P = 4s	$A = s^2$	
P = 4(3.5)	$A = (3.5)^2$	
<i>P</i> = 14 in.	$A = 12.25 \text{ in}^2$	

Example 2: Crafts Application

The Queens Quilt block includes 12 blue triangles. The base and height of each triangle are about 4 in. Find the approximate amount of fabric used to make the 12 triangles.

The area of one triangle is

$$A = \frac{1}{2}bh = \frac{1}{2}(4)(4) = 8 \text{ in}^2.$$

The total area of the 12 triangles is $12(8) = 96 \text{ in}^2$.

Check It Out! Example 2

Find the amount of fabric used to make four rectangles. Each rectangle has a length of $6\frac{1}{2}$ in. and a width of $2\frac{1}{2}$ in.

The area of one triangle is

$$A = \ell w = \left(6\frac{1}{2}\right)\left(2\frac{1}{2}\right) = 16\frac{1}{4}$$
 in².

The amount of fabric to make four rectangles is

$$4\left(16\frac{1}{4}\right) = 65 \text{ in}^2.$$

Diameter – line through the center across a circle.

<u>Radius</u> – line from the center to a point on the circle.

The **<u>circumference</u>** of a circle is the distance around the circle.



Holt Geometry

Circumference and Area of a Circle

The circumference C of a circle is given by the formula $C = \pi d$ or $C = 2\pi r$. The area A of a circle is given by the formula $A = \pi r^2$.

Holt Geometry

Example 3: Finding the Circumference and Area of a Circle

Find the circumference and area of a circle with radius 8 cm. Use the π key on your calculator. Then round the answer to the nearest tenth.

C =
$$2\pi r$$

= $2\pi (8) = 16\pi$
≈ 50.3 cm
A = πr^{2}
= $\pi (8)^{2} = 64\pi$
≈ 201.1 cm²



Check It Out! Example 3

Find the circumference and area of a circle with radius 14m.

C =
$$2\pi r$$

= $2\pi (14) = 28\pi$
≈ 88.0 m
A = πr^{2}
= $\pi (14)^{2} = 196\pi$
≈ 615.8 m²

Holt Geometry

Find the Value of each missing measure of a triangle.

1. Base = 2 feet Area = 28 square feet Find the height.

Height = 22.6 yards
 Area = 282.5 square yards
 Find the base.



Lesson Quiz: Part I

Find the area and perimeter of each figure.





Holt Geometry



Lesson Quiz: Part II

Find the circumference and area of each circle. Leave answers in terms of π .

- **4.** radius 2 cm $4\pi^2$ cm; 4π cm²
- **5.** diameter 12 ft $36\pi^2$ ft; 12π ft²
- 6. The area of a rectangle is 74.82 in², and the length is 12.9 in. Find the width.
 5.8 in

HOMEWORK:

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Holt Geometry